

**MANIPUR DOMINATES DAY 2 OF DEBATE**

# Rahul targets PM, BJP: Bharat Mata killed in Manipur

**Says Army could have stopped violence but wasn't called**

LIZ MATHEW & MANOJ CG  
New Delhi, August 9



Congress MP Rahul Gandhi speaks on the Motion of No Confidence in Lok Sabha on Wednesday

Participating in the Lok Sabha debate on the no-confidence motion — it was the second day of the discussion — moved by his party, Gandhi, who returned to the House two days ago following the restoration of his membership, reminded the Prime Minister that it was Ravan's "arrogance" that killed him, not Lord Ram, resulting in the fall of Lanka. Modi was not present in the House when Gandhi spoke.

Using the *Bharat Mata* prop and sticking to his "nafrat vs mohabbat" (hatred vs love) line of attack to take on the BJP's nationalism plank, Gandhi spoke on Manipur, roiled by ethnic clashes, and Nuh, the Haryana town rocked by communal violence, in the same breath. He said the BJP was squarely to blame for the fires that had been lit, reinforcing the Congress's political narrative for the 2024 Lok Sabha elections.

"You are setting the country on fire... *Aapne Manipur mein kerosene pheki aur phir chingari laga di. Ab aap Haryana mein kar*

*rahe ho* (You poured kerosene in Manipur and then you lit it... Now you are doing it in Haryana). You are burning the entire country. You are killing *Bharat Mata* across the country," he said in a nearly 30-minute speech disrupted repeatedly by the treasury benches.

Barring some meandering and recollection of tales from his Bharat Jodo Yatra and mention of businessman Guatam Adani — short-seller Hindenburg's report on the Adani Group had derailed the Budget session — in the beginning and towards the end, Gandhi was focused on targeting the government, accusing it of sowing the seeds of division.

"Bharat is a voice. Bharat is the voice of our people... voice from the heart... you have murdered that voice in Manipur, which means you have murdered Bharat Mata in Manipur. *Aapne Manipur ke logon ko maar kar Bharat ki hatya ki hai* (By killing the people of Manipur, you have murdered Bharat)," he said.

"*Aap deshdrohi ho, aap desh bhakt nahin ho... Aap desh premi nahin ho, aap deshdrohi ho, aapne desh ki hatya Manipur mein ki hai* (You are traitors, you are not patriots, you do not love the country, you are traitors, you have killed the country in Manipur)," he said, triggering an uproar in the BJP benches.

As BJP MPs, including Union ministers shouted in protest, Gandhi said, "You are not the saviours of Bharat Mata... you are the killers of Bharat Mata... I am talking about the murder of my mother. I am talking with respect. You have killed my mother. One mother (pointing to Sonia Gandhi who was seated in the front row) of mine is sitting here, and you have killed the other in Manipur... every day, till you stop violence, you are killing my mother."

"I went to Manipur some days ago. Our Prime Minister has not gone so far. Because for him Manipur is not Hindustan. I used the word Manipur... but the reality is there is no Manipur left. Manipur you have divided, broken Manipur in two parts," he said.

**EXPLAINER**

## CENTRE IN THE DRIVER'S SEAT IN DELHI

The Delhi Services Bill—officially called the Government of the National Capital of Delhi (Amendment) Bill 2023—was passed by Parliament on Monday. The Aam Aadmi Party (that is in power in the national capital) and other opposition parties have criticised it as being 'unconstitutional'. We explain the Bill's key provisions and why it has the opposition seeing red



**What the Supreme Court had said...**

THE MAY 11 judgment vested the control of the services with the council of ministers of the GNCT, under the "triple chain of command" (TCC) principle, where the services are accountable to the ministers who are accountable to the legislature which, in turn, is accountable to the people of NCT. But by allowing the services—via NCCSA membership for the two senior GNCT bureaucrats—to overrule the council of ministers (represented by the CM), the Bill trashes the TCC principle.

While the Centre had argued in court that the NCT wasn't a fully fledged state, and, as an Union Territory, was extensively under the Union government, the top court cited Article 239 A(3) to say that the GNCT had legislative powers that resembled that of the states', and the elected government was accountable to the people of NCT. The Bill, by denying the GNCT authority over the services, has upended the SC judgment.

**Background**

THE CENTRE brought the Delhi Services Ordinance on May 19, just days after the Supreme Court ruled that the government of Delhi could administer the civil services in the NCT and limited the control of the Centre-appointed lieutenant governor (L-G) to just public order, police, and land.

The matter dates back to 2015, when the Centre appropriated powers over the civil services via a home ministry notification that said the L-G would consult the NCTCM at her/his discretion. But, the ordinance created the National Capital Civil Service Authority (NCCSA) with the CM as the chair and the GNCT chief secretary and principal home secretary as members, to recommend to the L-G on GNCT civil service matters (except on land, police & public order) via majority voting. The L-G would have the final say.

**Section 3A OF ORDINANCE DROPPED IN THE BILL PASSED BY PARLIAMENT**

**DJB, DERC APPOINTMENTS IN THE HANDS OF LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR NOW**

**NCCSA DOESN'T HAVE TO SUBMIT ANNUAL REPORT TO PARL, DELHI ASSEMBLY**

**L-G TO HAVE FINAL SAY OVER CIVIL SERVICES IN DELHI**

**The Delhi Services Bill**

THE DELHI Services Bill—the GNCT of Delhi (Amendment) Bill 2023—will replace the ordinance. It retains the NCCSA, and confers sole authority on the L-G for purposes listed under Section 41 of the principal Act.

Section 3A of the ordinance set limits to the powers of the Assembly by explicitly nixing any ability to legislate regarding the "state public services" and the "State Public Service Commission". This has been dropped in the Bill passed by Parliament. Section 45D of the ordinance gave the power to decide on constitution of boards, authorities, commissions, etc, solely to the Centre. The Bill, with respect to laws made by the Delhi Assembly, tasks the NCCSA to recommend suitable candidates to the L-G. Also, while the ordinance required the NCCSA to submit an annual report to Parliament and the Delhi Assembly, the Bill does away with this—it won't be answerable to the legislatures having a say over the NCT's governance.

**How the Bill's provisions will translate on the ground**

A KEY IMPACT on the ground would have its origin in the new Section 45D. The new provision means the L-G will have the final say on who gets appointed as a member or the head of the Delhi Jal Board and the Delhi Electricity Regulatory Commission—these have been seminal for the announcement

and implementation of flagship schemes relating to free delivery of utilities by the present government of the national capital territory. The schemes are widely viewed as central to the Aam Aadmi Party's appeal.

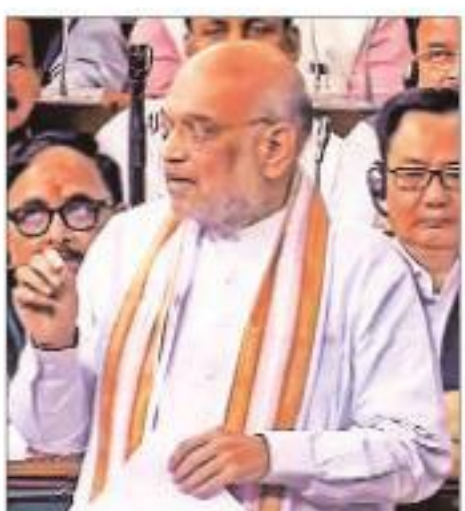
Section 45 (I) (4) seems to give supervisory powers to the

bureaucracy over the functioning of the Delhi government. It tasks the officers heading the departments of the government to keep a watch on such proposals, policies, decisions and other issues that, (in their opinion), matters which affect the Delhi government's relationship with the Union

government, or any state government, the Supreme Court of India or the High Court of Delhi and such other authorities as may be determined. The secretary concerned, according to this provision, must inform L-G, CM and Delhi's chief secretary of such issues.

## Stop adding fuel to fire, Shah tells Oppn

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE  
New Delhi, August 9



Home minister Amit Shah

the police if you had it earlier?" The ongoing Monsoon Session began on July 20. "Whoever had the video, if they had given it to the DGP on

May 4, the culprits would have been apprehended by May 5. Because the day the video clip was brought to light, we used face-detection technology and government database and apprehended the nine accused," he said.

With the Opposition questioning the government on why Manipur chief minister N Biren Singh had not been replaced, Shah said: "We changed the chief secretary and the DGP on May 4. The CM is replaced when he does not cooperate. He (Singh) is cooperating."

He said Opposition leaders like Rahul Gandhi were "adding

fuel to the fire" in Manipur. "Rahul Gandhi wanted to go to Churachandpur, we had made arrangements for him to go by helicopter. But he was adamant that he would go by road. He went there only to do satyagrah," he said.

Shah said 152 people had been killed in the state so far, of which 130 were killed in May. "The anger has not lessened, but violence has decreased because 36,000 security personnel are deployed there 24x7," he said.

Appealing for peace, he urged the Kukis and Meiteis to hold joint talks with the government.

## Art 370 not repository of untrammelled power, apex court told

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA  
New Delhi, August 9



He told the bench also comprising justices Sanjay Kishan Kaul, Sanjiv Khanna, BR Gavai and Surya Kant that Article 370 was not a repository of untrammelled power but a medium through which the Constitution would apply to the state, the Supreme Court was told on Wednesday.

A five-judge constitution bench headed by Chief Justice DY Chandrachud was told by senior advocate Gopal Subramaniam, appearing for petitioner Muzaffar Iqbal Khan, that the Jammu and Kashmir constituent assembly did not want to abrogate Article 370 and instead permitted its continuance.

Khan has challenged the two constitutional orders of the Centre issued on August 5, 2019 and August 6, 2019, by which Article 370 was abrogated.

"Even though the word 'temporary' appears in the marginal notes of Article 370 of the Constitution, the resolution passed by the Jammu and Kashmir constituent assembly said that the Constitution of India must apply with these modifications. The constitution of Jammu and Kashmir and Indian Constitution were speaking to each other through Article 370," Subramaniam said.

**INDRAPRASTHA GAS LIMITED**

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**NOTICE**  
**(For Transfer of equity shares of the Company to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Account)**

This NOTICE is published pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ('IEPF Rules') notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs w.e.f. 7th September 2016.

The Rules, amongst other matters, contain provisions for transfer of all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more in the name of Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Account.

In terms of the provisions of section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the aforesaid IEPF Rules, the Company has sent individual communication to the concerned shareholders whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF Account for taking appropriate action.

Further, a list of shareholders whose dividend(s) are not encashed and shares due for transfer to IEPF Authority/Account is displayed on the website at www.iglonline.net.

The concerned shareholders, holding shares in physical form and whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF Account, may note that the Company would be issuing duplicate share certificate(s) in lieu of the original share certificate(s) held by them for the purpose of transfer of shares to IEPF Account as per Rules and upon such issue, the original share certificate(s) which stand registered in their name will stand automatically cancelled and be deemed non-negotiable. The shareholders may further note that the details uploaded by the Company on its website should be regarded and shall be deemed adequate notice in respect of issue of the duplicate share certificate(s) by the Company for the purpose of transfer of shares to IEPF Account pursuant to the Rules.

In case the Company or the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent, M/s Kfin Technologies Limited (RTA), does not receive any communication from the concerned shareholders by October 31, 2023 or such other date as may be extended, the Company shall, with a view to complying with the requirements as set out in the IEPF Rules, transfer the shares to IEPF Account by the due date as per procedure stipulated in the Rules and no claim shall thereafter lie against the Company. It may be noted that the unclaimed dividend and corresponding shares transferred to IEPF, including all benefits accruing thereafter, if any, can be claimed back from the IEPF Authority after following the procedure prescribed under the Rules.

In case the shareholders have any queries on the subject matter and the Rules, they may contact the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent at: Kfin Technologies Limited, (Unit: Indraprastha Gas Limited) Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad - 500032; Tel. No.: 1-800-309-4001; Email: einward.nis@kfinetech.com.

For Indraprastha Gas Limited  
Sd/-  
**S. K. Jain**  
(Company Secretary)

Date: August 09, 2023  
Place: New Delhi

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**STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2023**

(₹ in millions, except per share data)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			
		30-Jun-23		31-Mar-23	
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
I	Total Income	2,673.91	2,391.30	1,604.60	7,765.48
	a) Revenue from Operations	2,663.21	2,377.52	1,602.60	7,732.52
	b) Other Income	10.70	13.78	2.00	32.96
II	Net Profit for the period before tax (before Exceptional and Extraordinary Items)	176.20	340.01	182.46	974.35
III	Net Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary Items)	176.20	340.01	182.46	974.35
IV	Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary Items)	129.62	252.99	134.35	725.27
V	Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period after tax and non-controlling interest and other comprehensive income after tax)	126.63	248.80	134.84	721.42
VI	Equity share capital (Face value of ₹ 2/- per share*)	106.05	104.50	104.50	104.50
VII	Other Equity				1,462.58
VIII	Earnings per equity share (not annualised for quarters)				
	a) Basic	2.45	4.84	2.57	13.88
	b) Diluted	2.37	4.65	2.46	13.32

\*Face value reduced from ₹ 10 to ₹ 2 as a result of split of shares on September 10, 2021.

(₹ in millions, except per share data)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			
		30-Jun-23		31-Mar-23	
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
I	Total Income	2,673.64	2,391.15	1,604.60	7,765.33
II	Net Profit for the period before Tax	177.84	340.26	182.46	974.60
III	Net Profit for the period after Tax	130.92	253.17	134.35	725.46
IV	Total Comprehensive income for the period	127.96	248.97	134.84	721.61

**Notes:**

- The above Consolidated financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on August 09, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the company have conducted audit of the financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2023.
- The above results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principle laid down in Indian Accounting Standards-34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("Ind AS-34") notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, read with relevant rules thereunder.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financials Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. The full format of the standalone and Consolidated Financial Results are available on the website of BSE and NSE at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and on the Company's website at www.dreamfolks.in.

For and on behalf of the Board  
Dreamfolks Services Limited  
Sd/-  
Libertha Peter Kallat  
Chairperson and Managing Director  
DIN: 06849062

Place: Gurugram  
Date: August 09, 2023

**Dreamfolks Services Limited**  
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